

Better Transfer Learning with Inferred Successor Maps

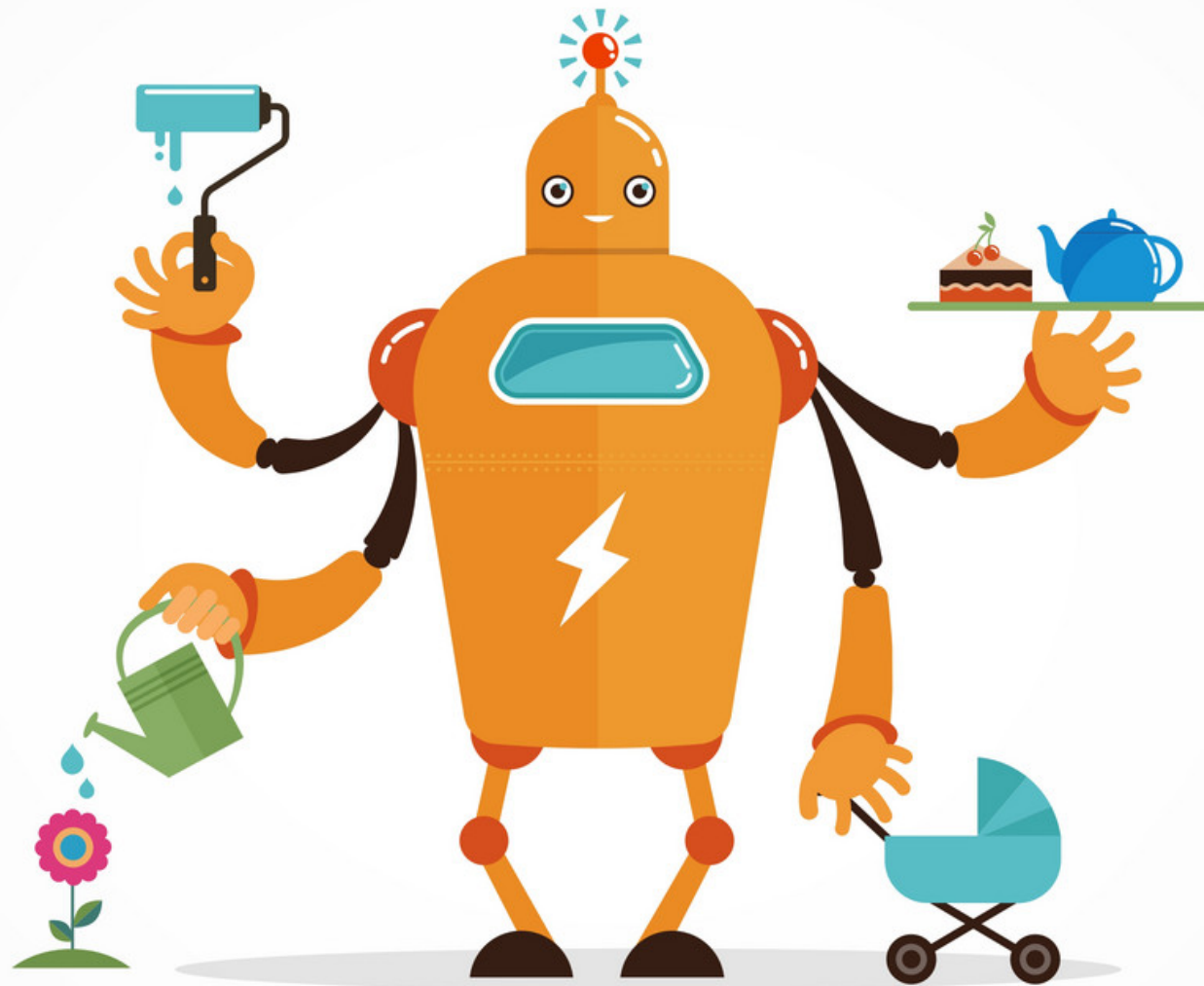
Tamas Madarasz^{1,2}, Tim Behrens^{1,2}

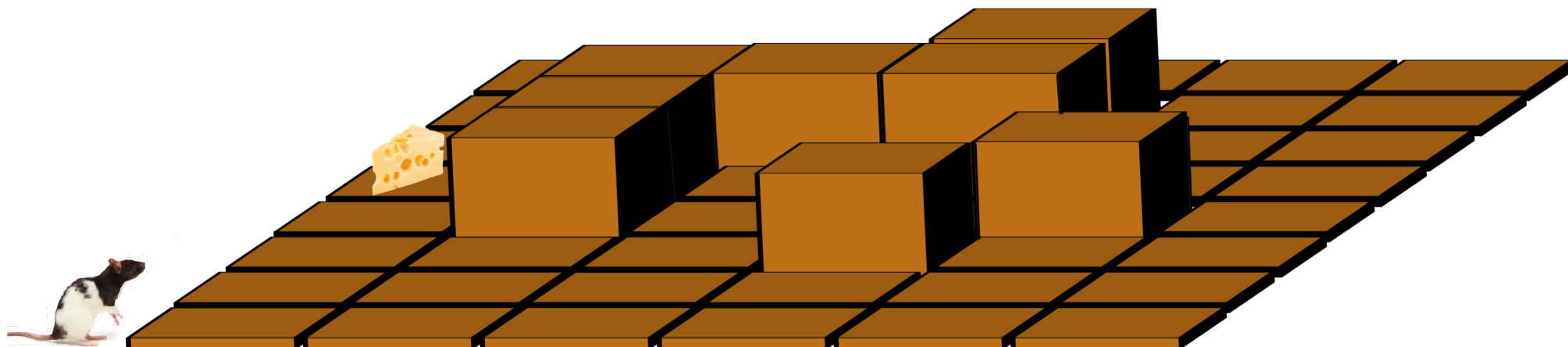
arXiv:1906.07663

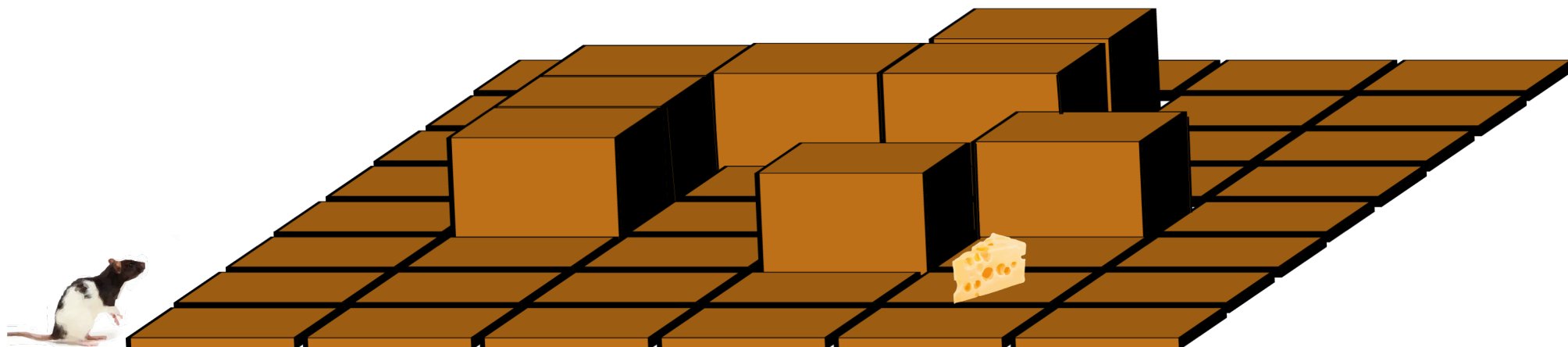
Spotlight NeurIPS 2019

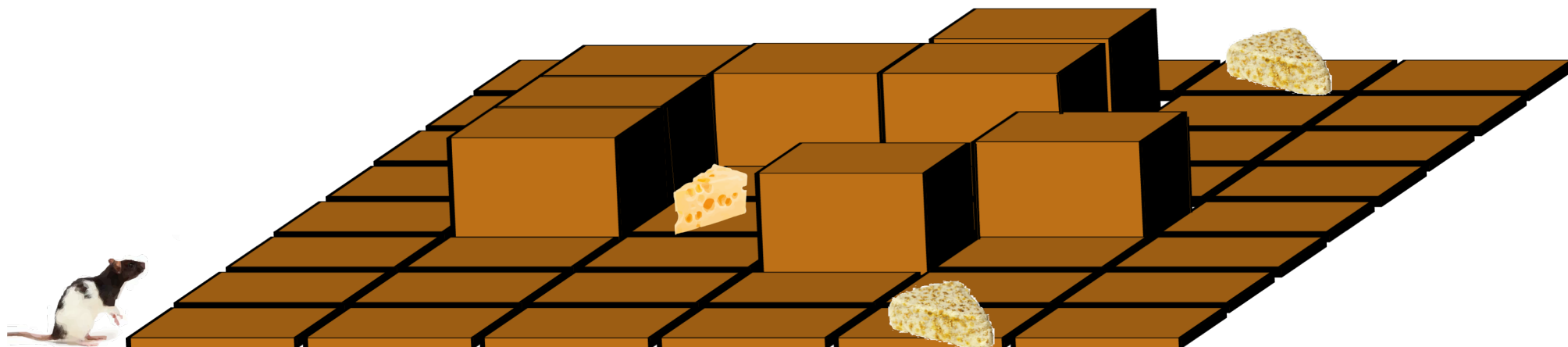
1: University of Oxford

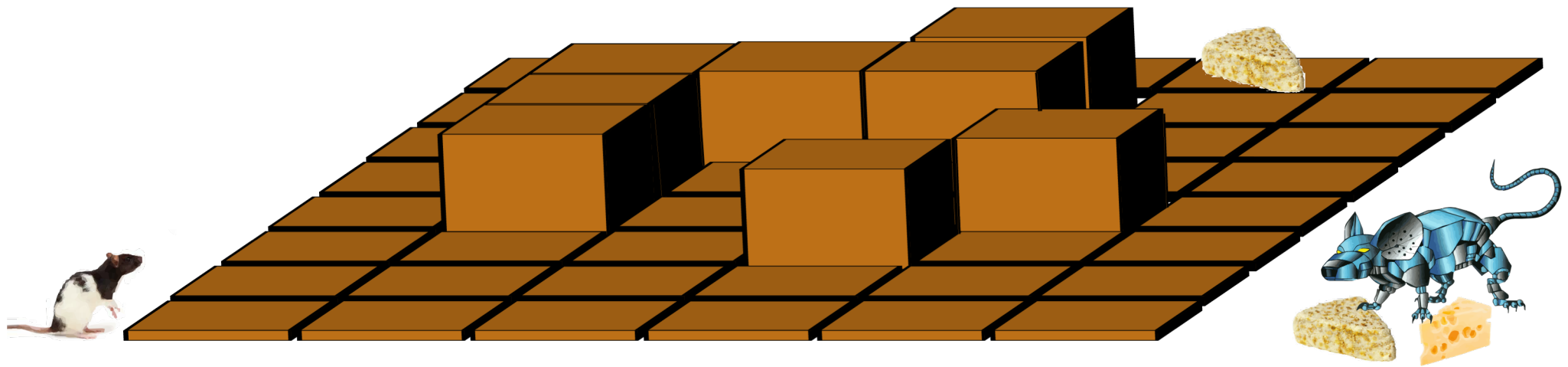
2: UCL

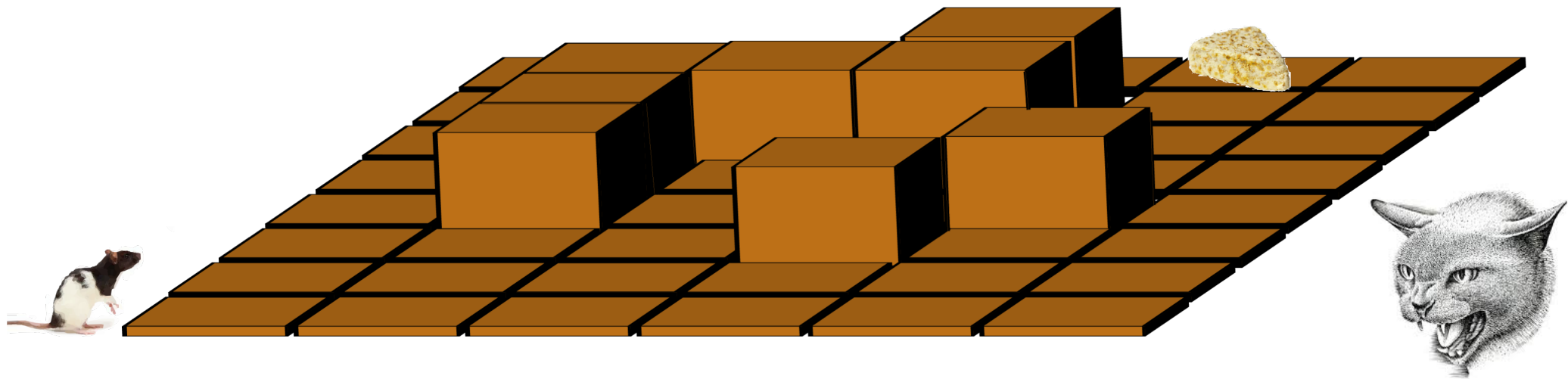


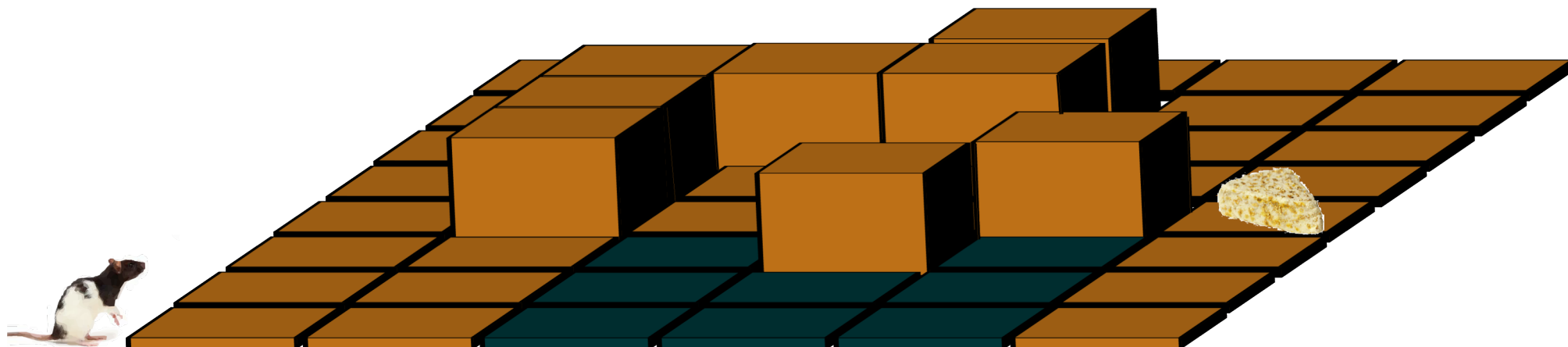




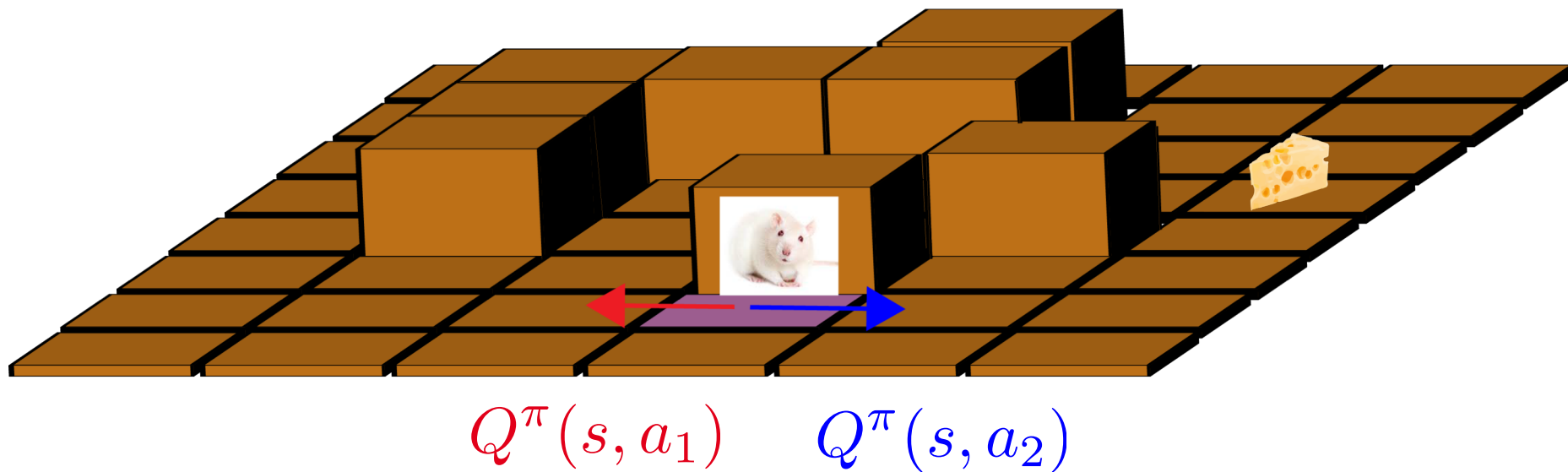




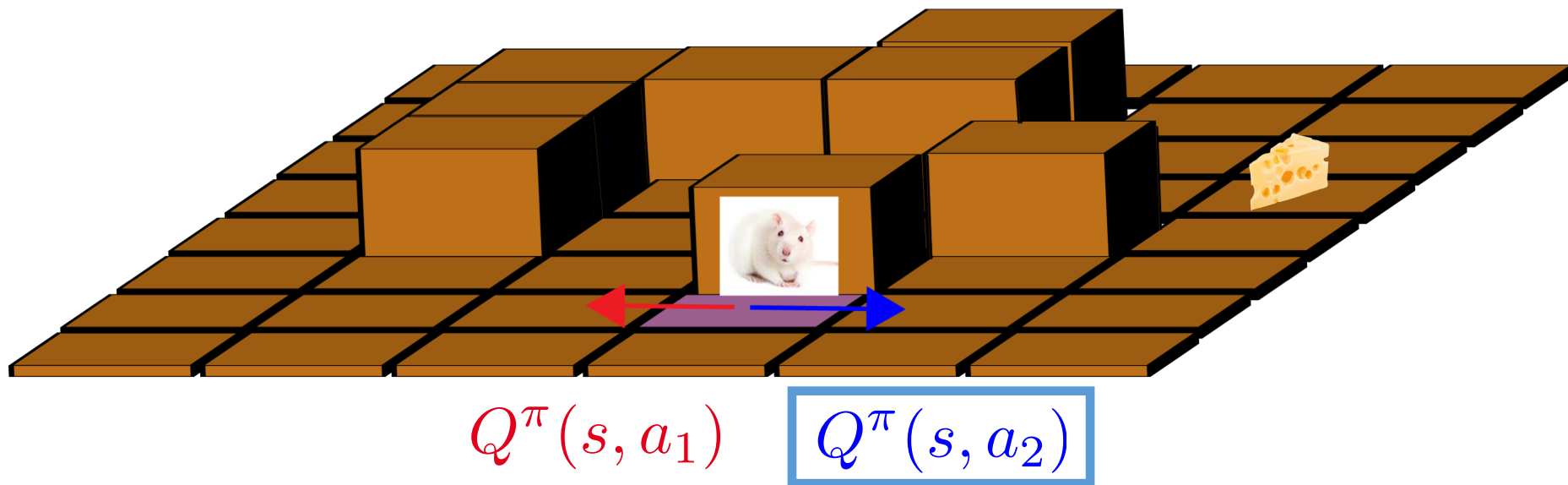




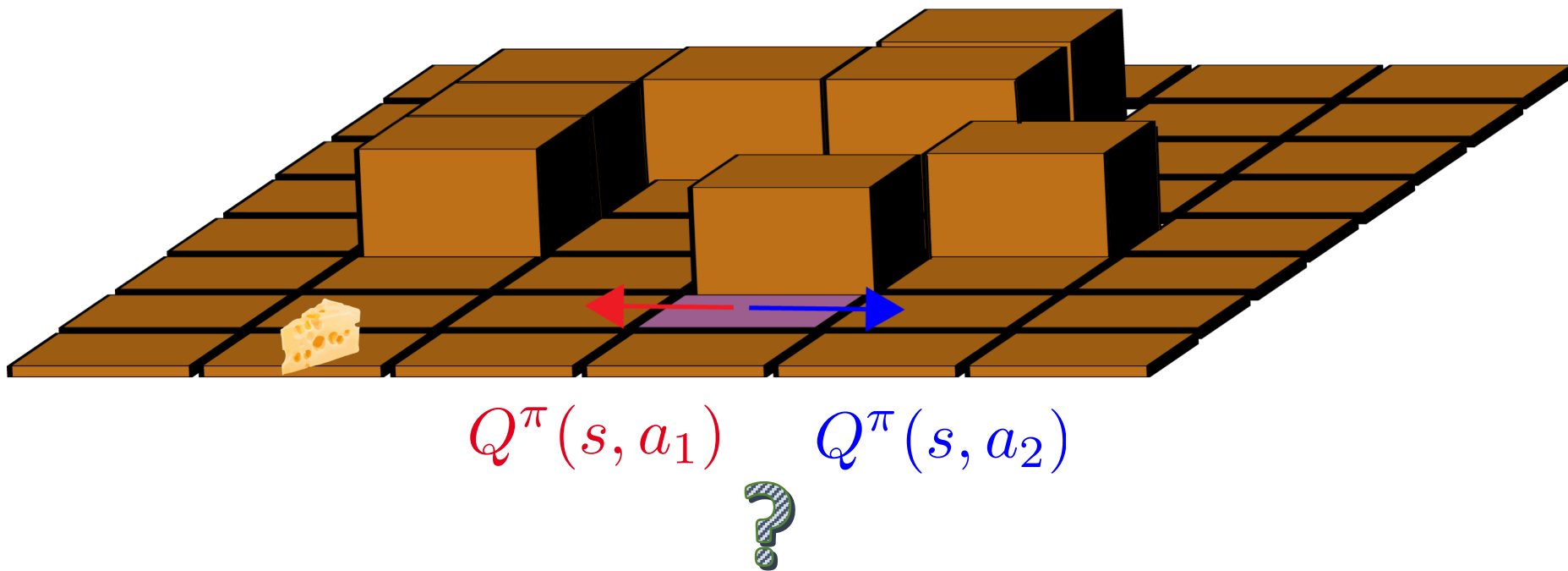
$$Q_t^\pi(s, a) = \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \gamma^k r_{t+k} \mid s_t = s, a_t = a \right]$$



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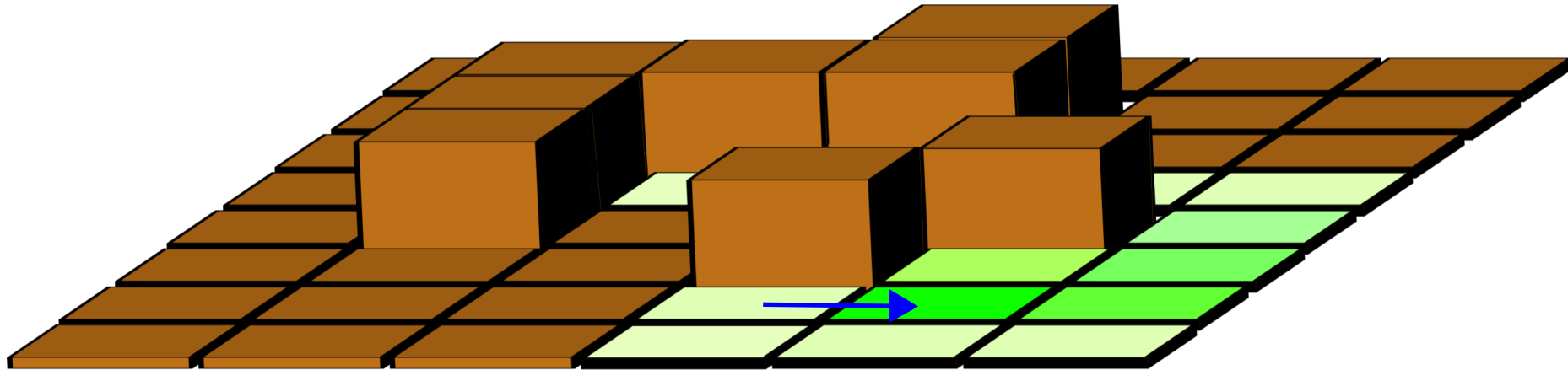


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The successor representation (SR)

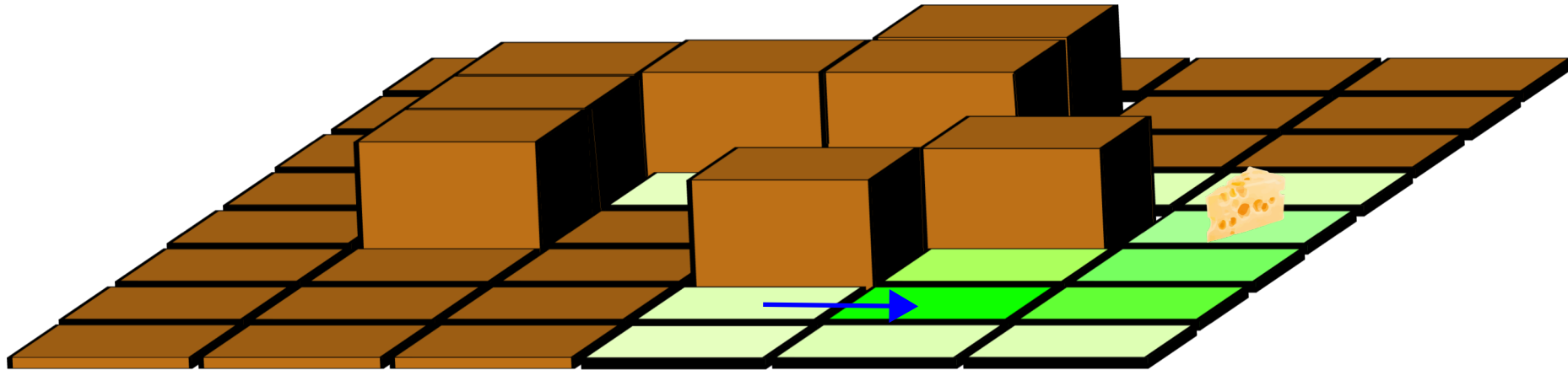
$$M_t^\pi(s, a, s') = \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \gamma^k \mathbb{I}_{(s_{t+k+1}=s')} \mid s_t = s, a_t = a \right]$$



$M^\pi(s, a, :)$

The successor representation (SR)

$$M_t^\pi(s, a, s') = \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \gamma^k \mathbb{I}_{(s_{t+k+1}=s')} \mid s_t = s, a_t = a \right]$$

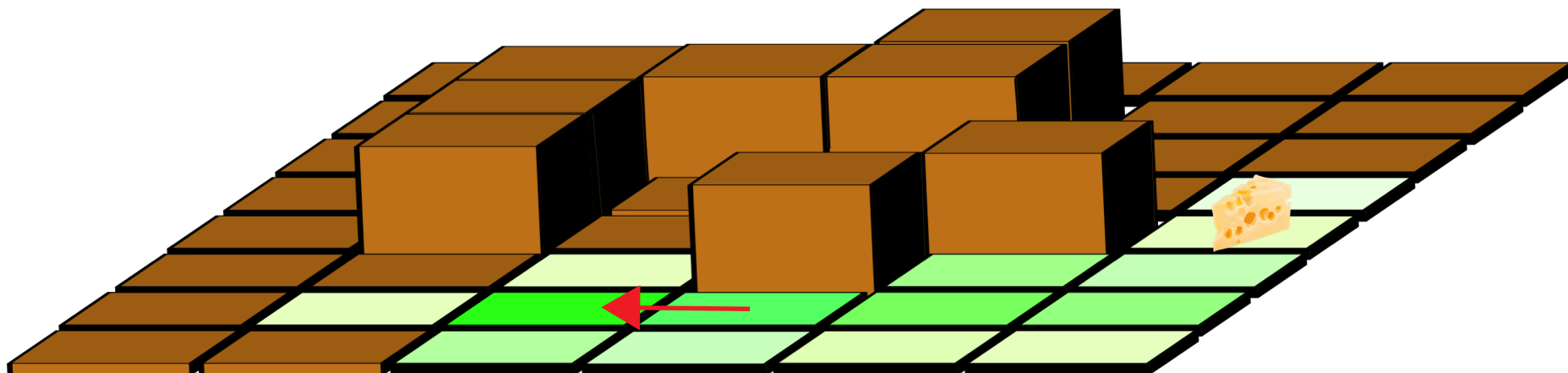


$$M^\pi(s, a, :)$$

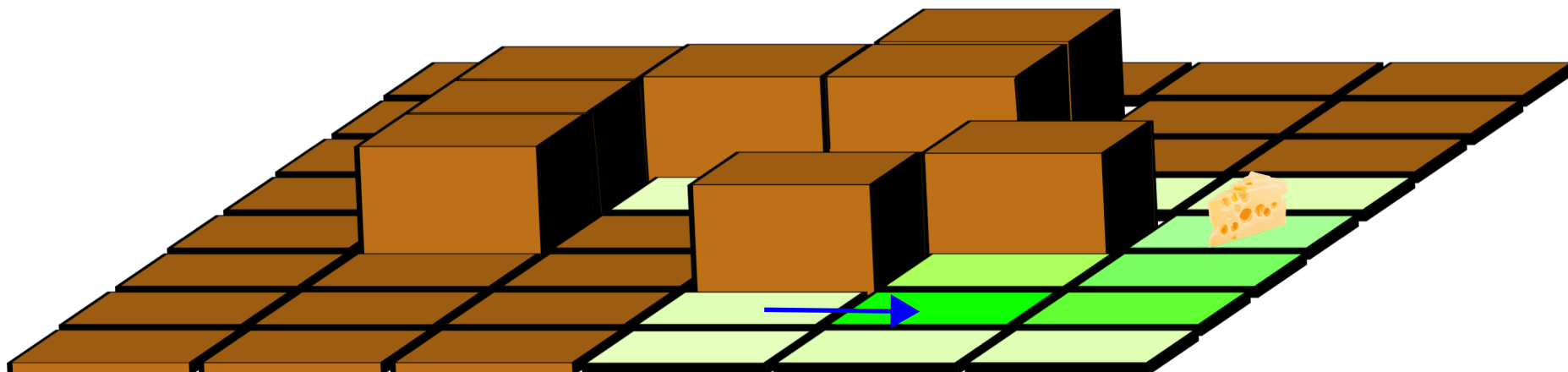
$$Q^\pi(s, a) = \sum_{s'} M(s, a, s') \cdot \mathbf{w}(s')$$

reward function

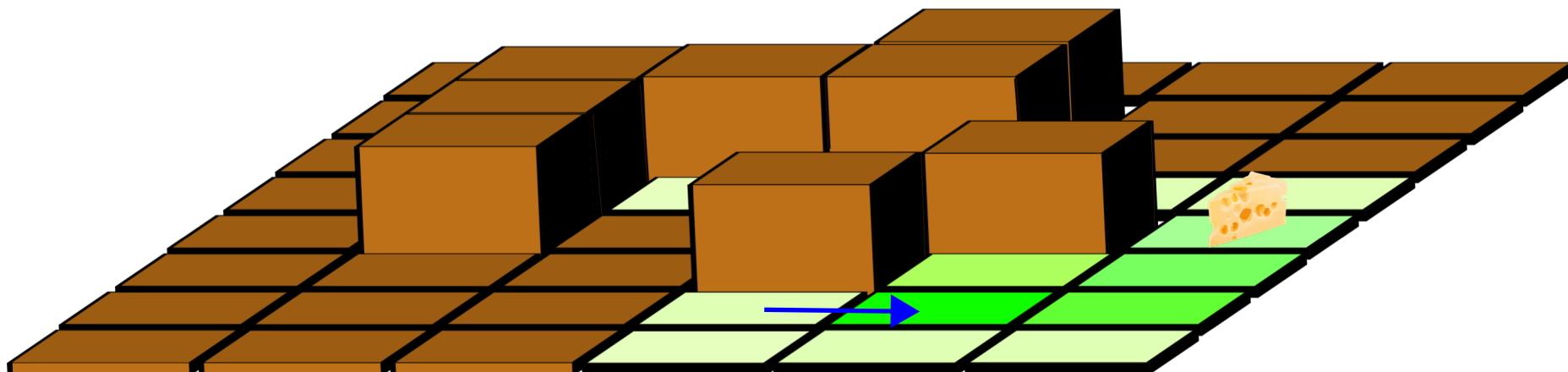
Dayan, 1993
Neural Computation



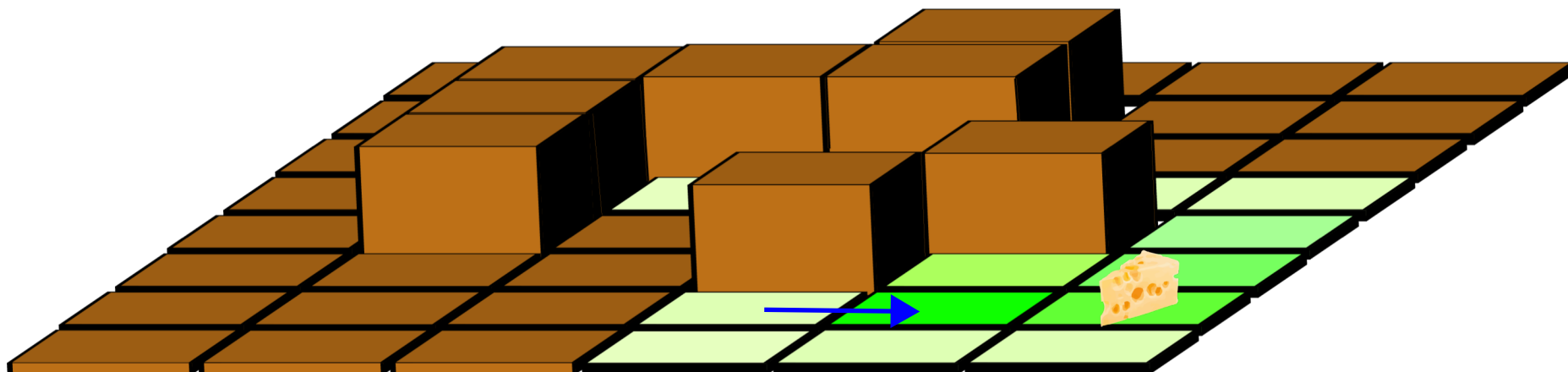
$$M^{\pi}(s, a_1, :)$$



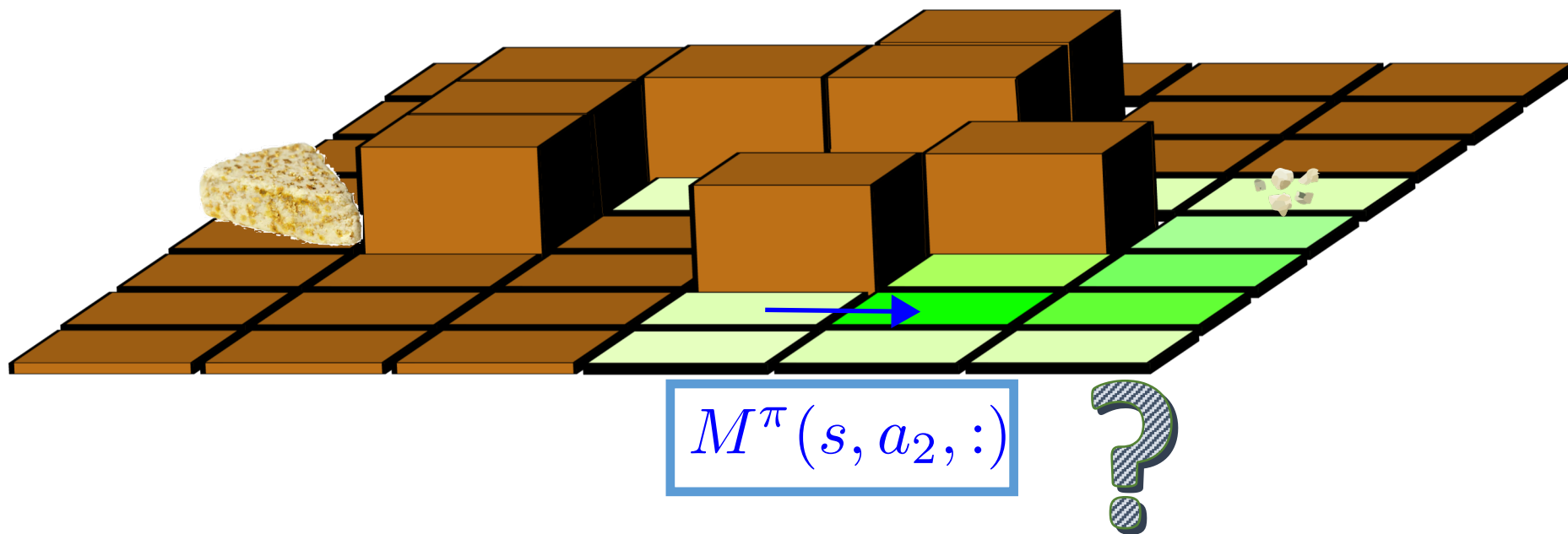
$$M^{\pi}(s, a_2, :)$$

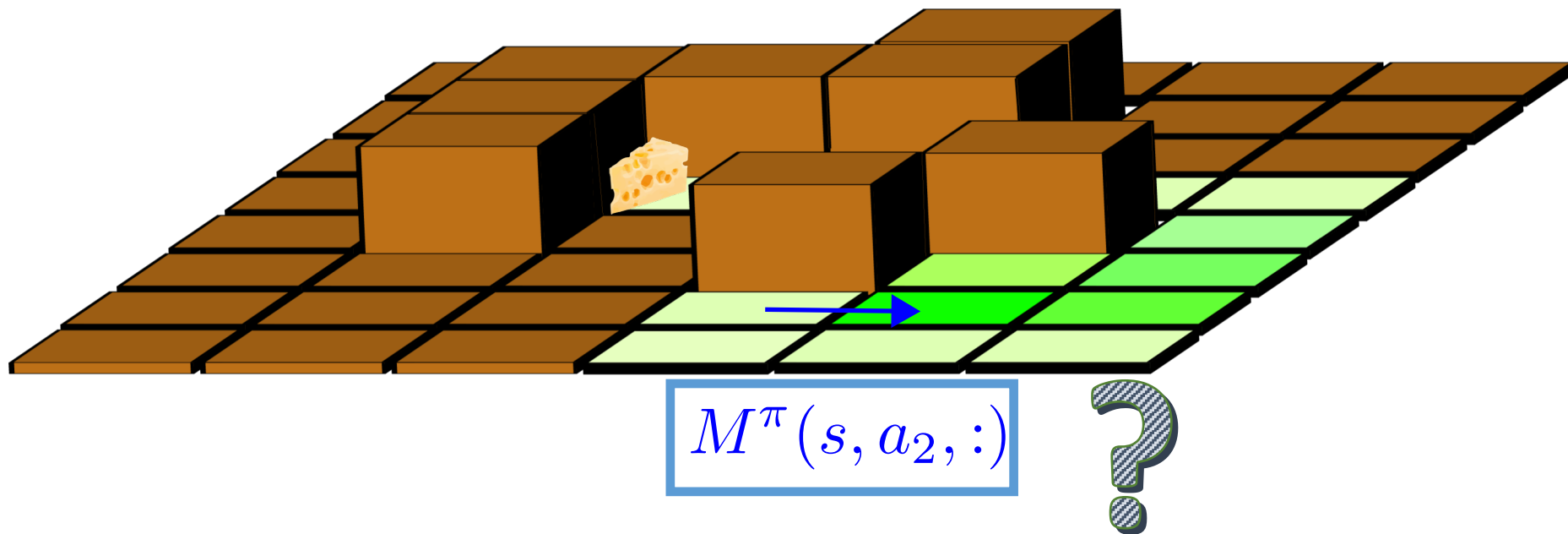


$$M^{\pi}(s, a_2, :)$$



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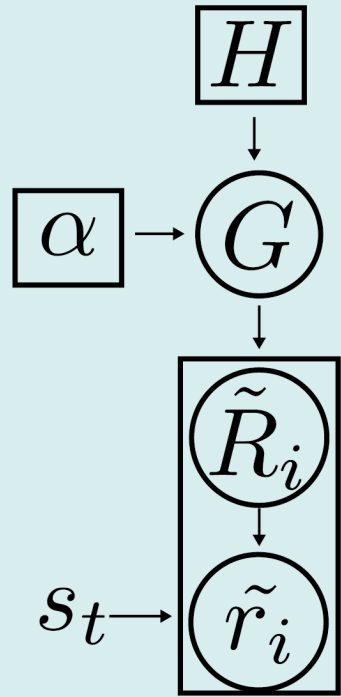




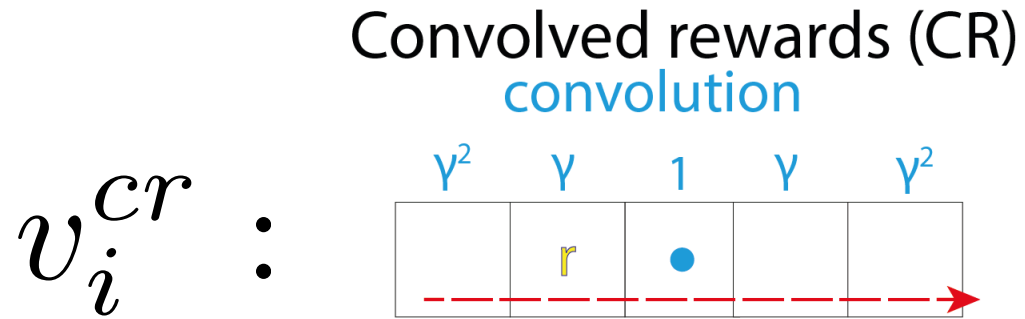
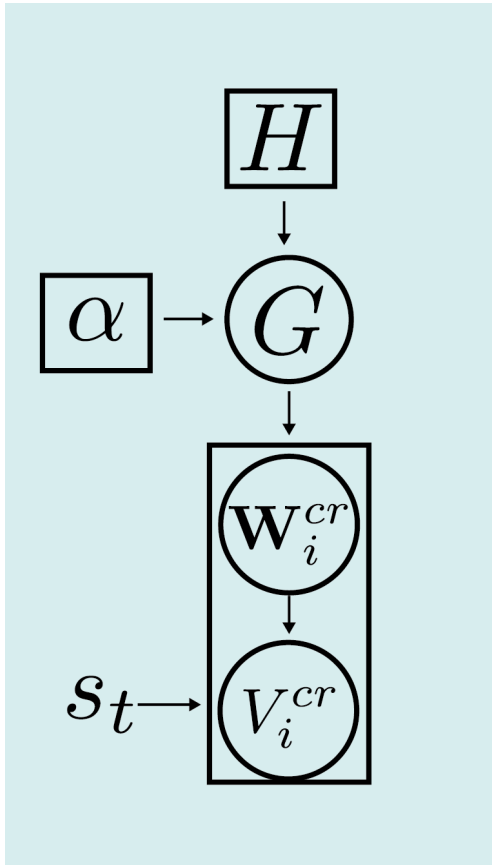
Main approach

- Cluster tasks and try to map current task to the cluster such that SR is easiest to adapt
- Use the SR's flexibility to approximate the optimal value function

Generative model over reward functions

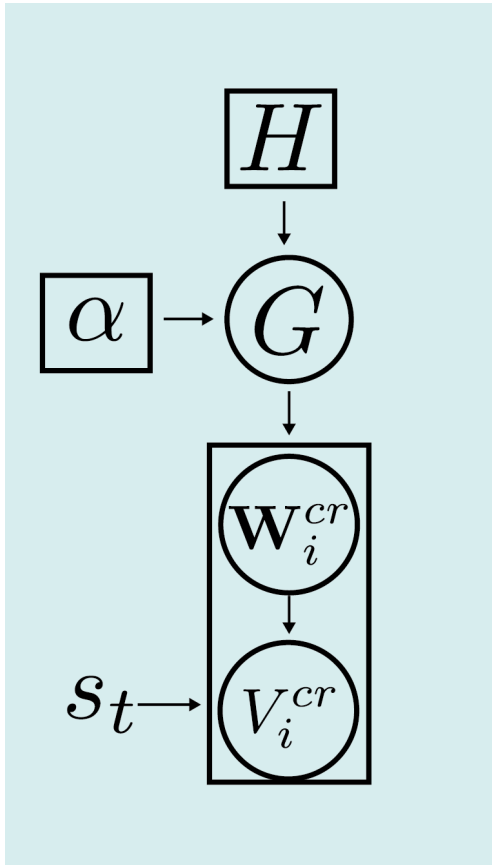


Generative model over reward functions



Dirichlet Process
mixture model of
kernel- smoothed
rewards

Generative model over reward functions

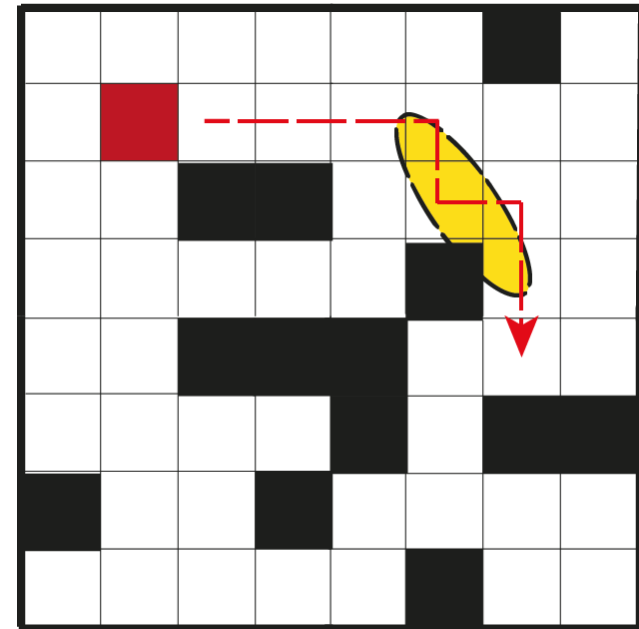
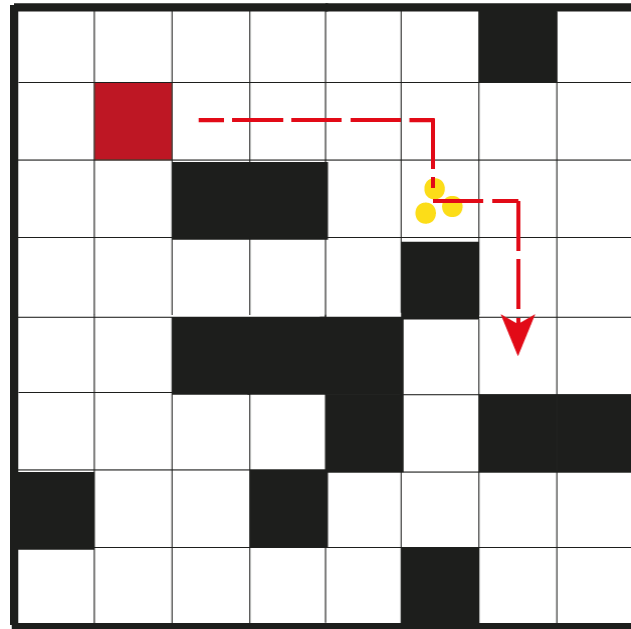
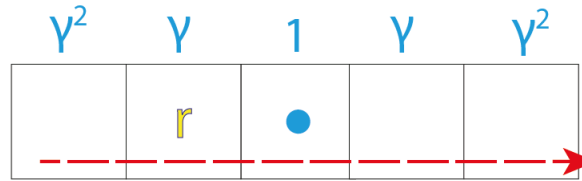


Dirichlet Process
mixture model of
kernel- smoothed
rewards

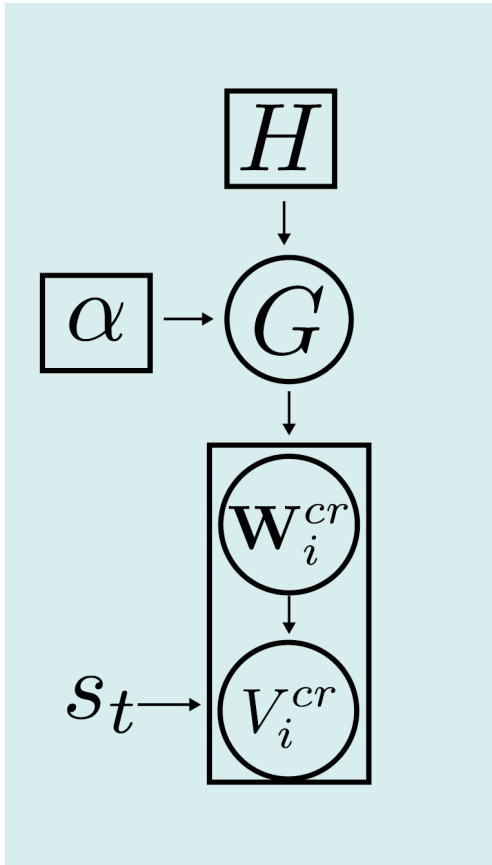
Convolved rewards (CR)

convolution

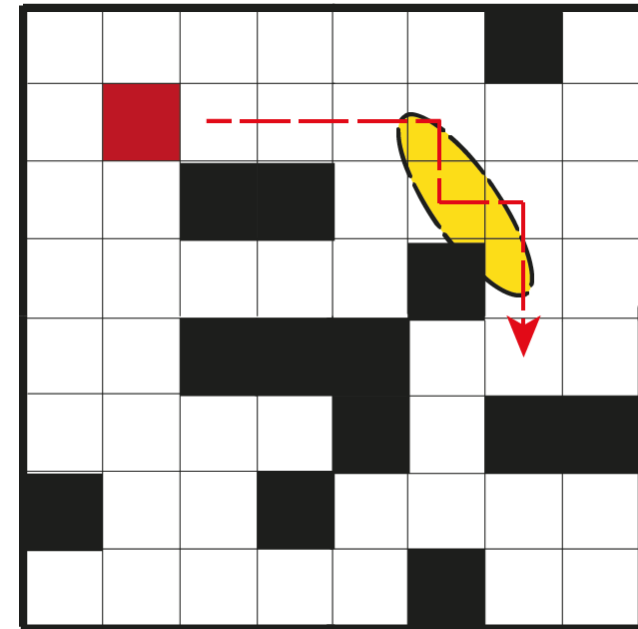
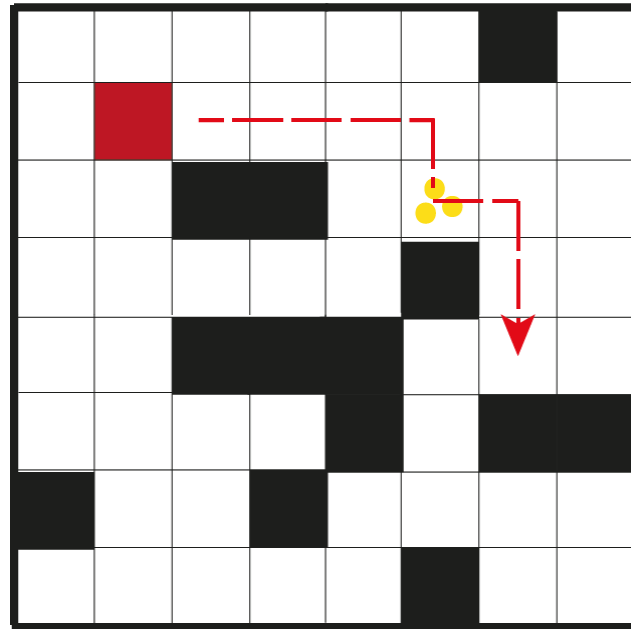
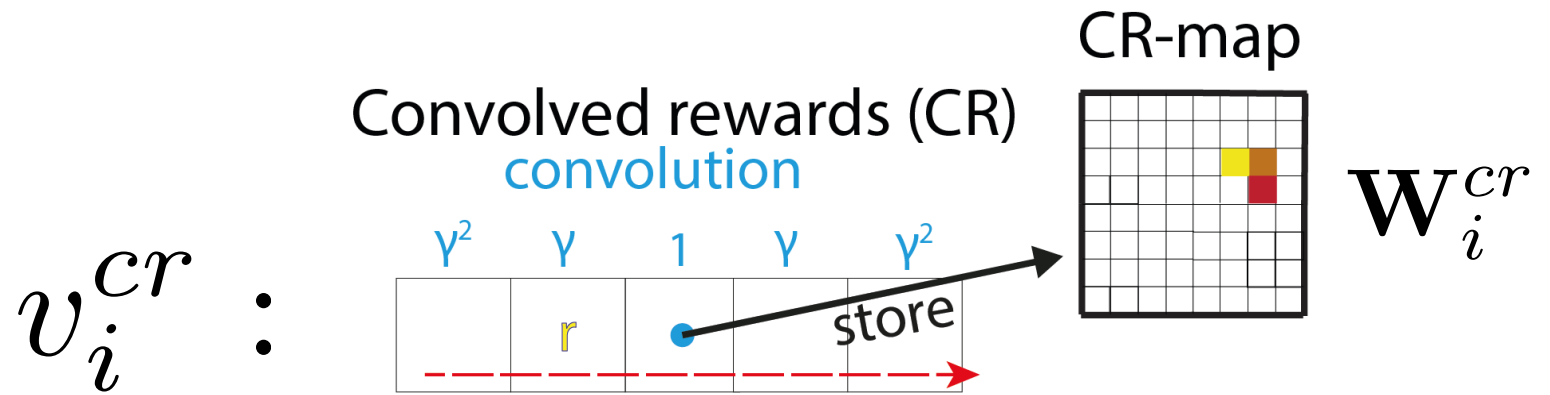
$v_i^{cr} :$



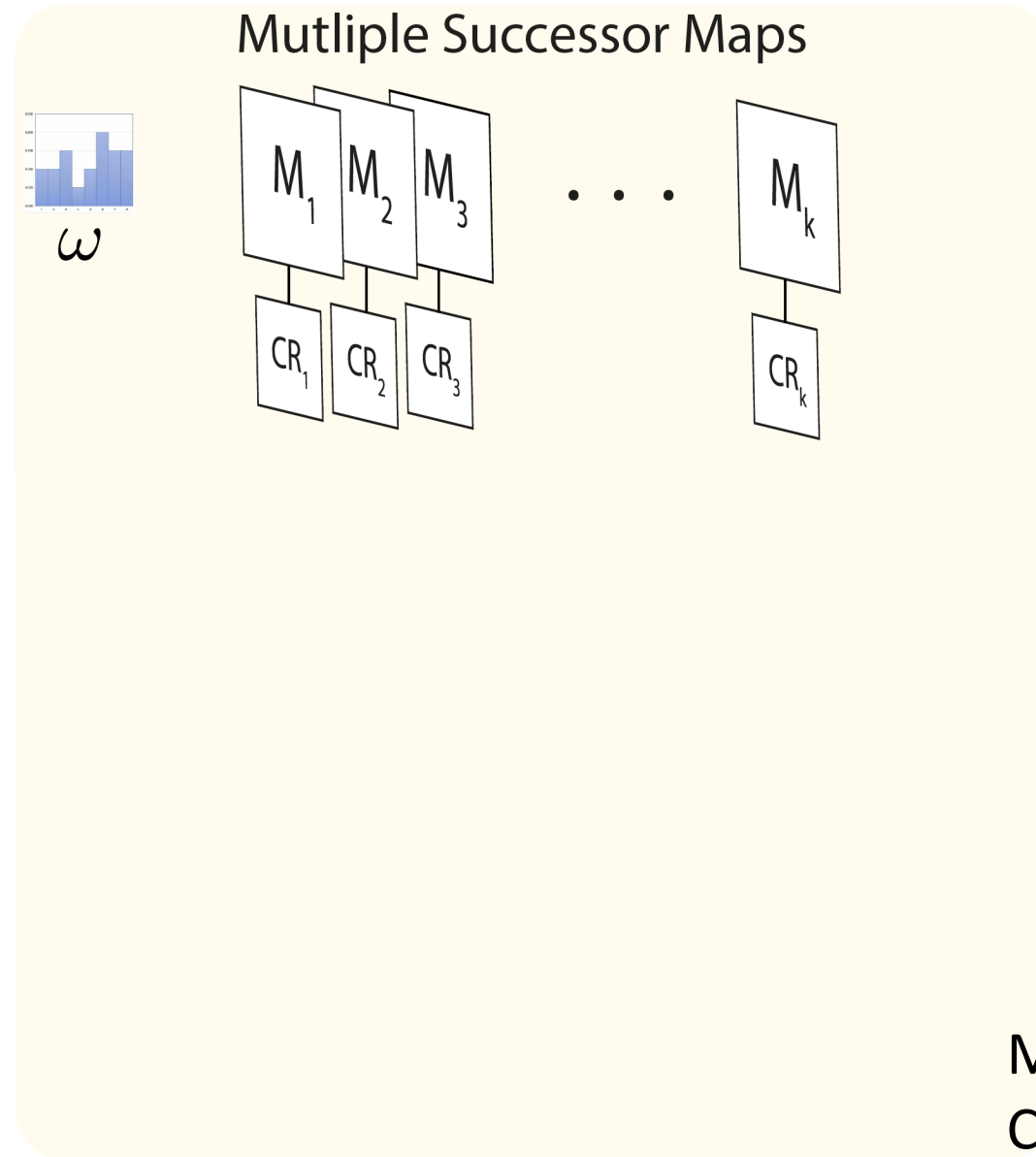
Generative model over reward functions



Dirichlet Process
mixture model of
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rewards

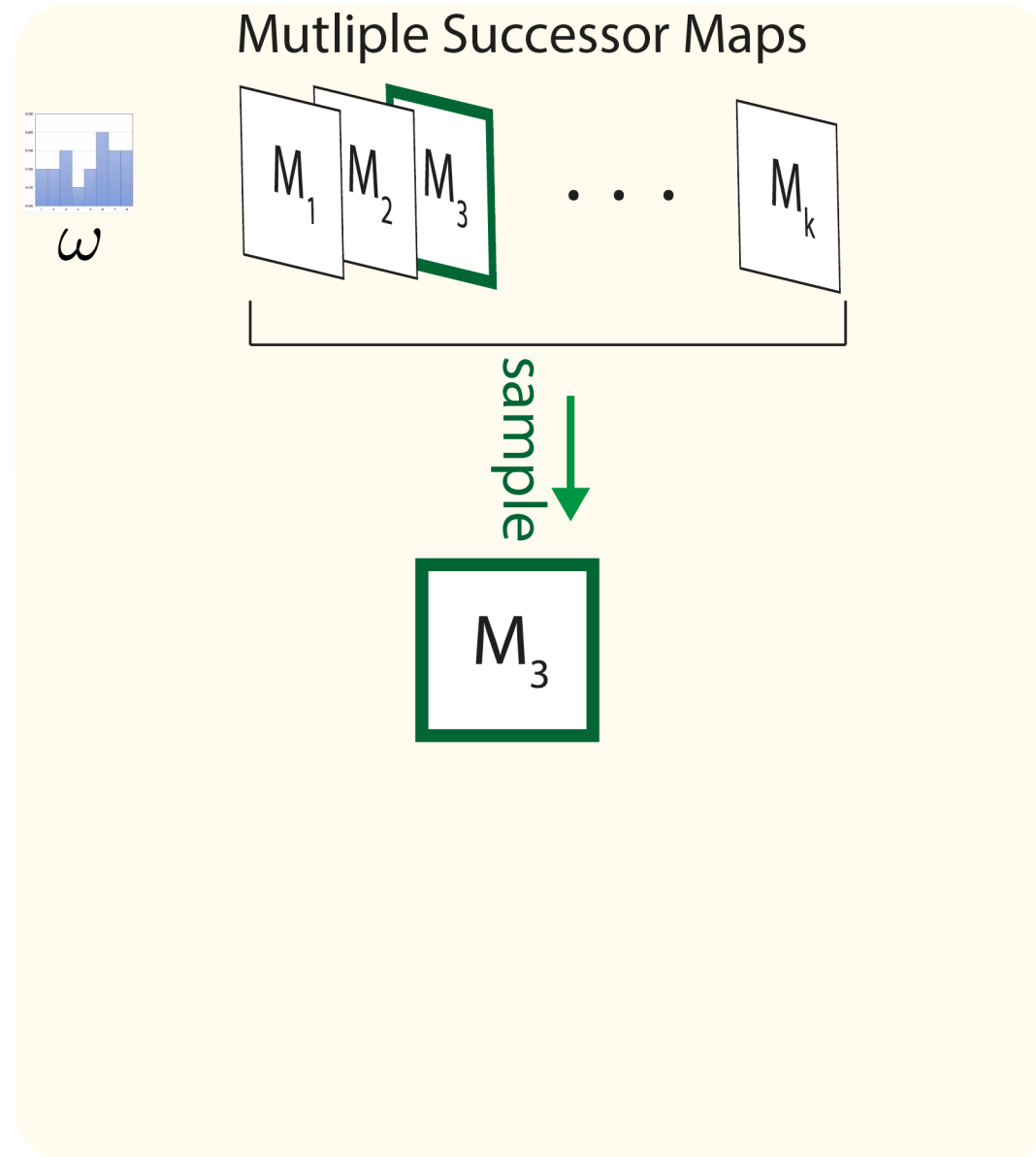


Bayesian Successor Representation (BSR)

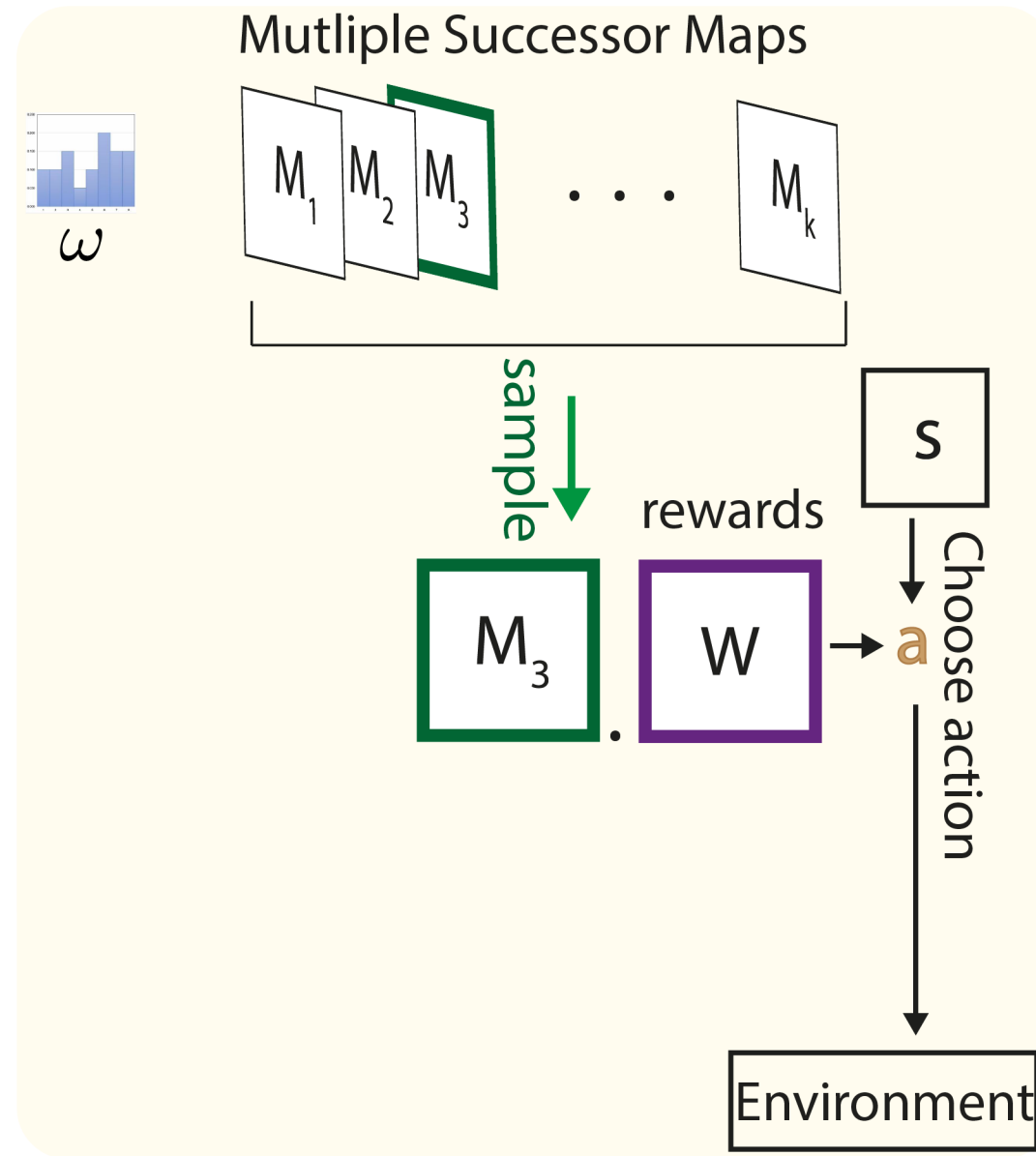


M: Successor Representation
CR: Convolved reward map

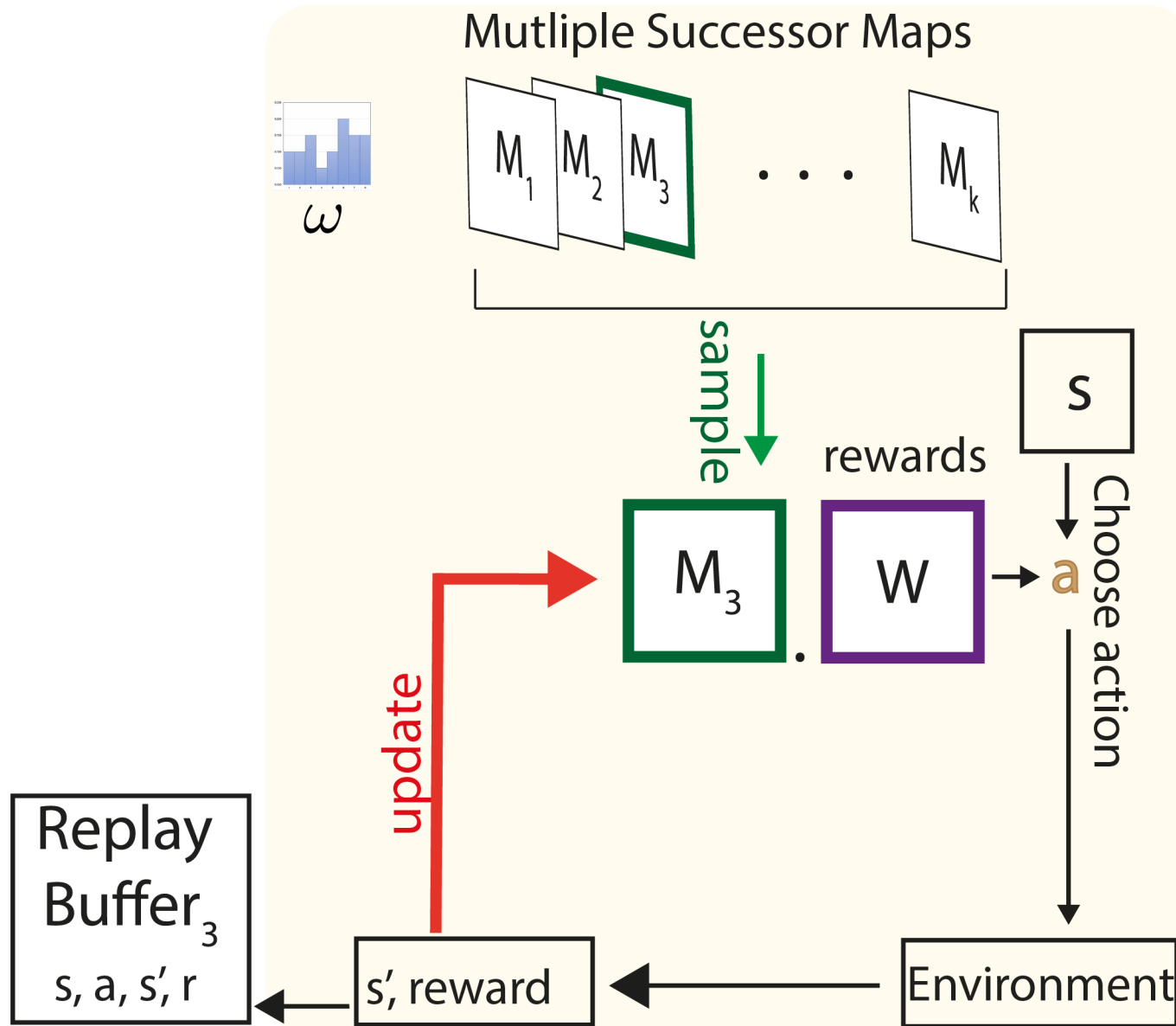
Bayesian Successor Representation (BSR)



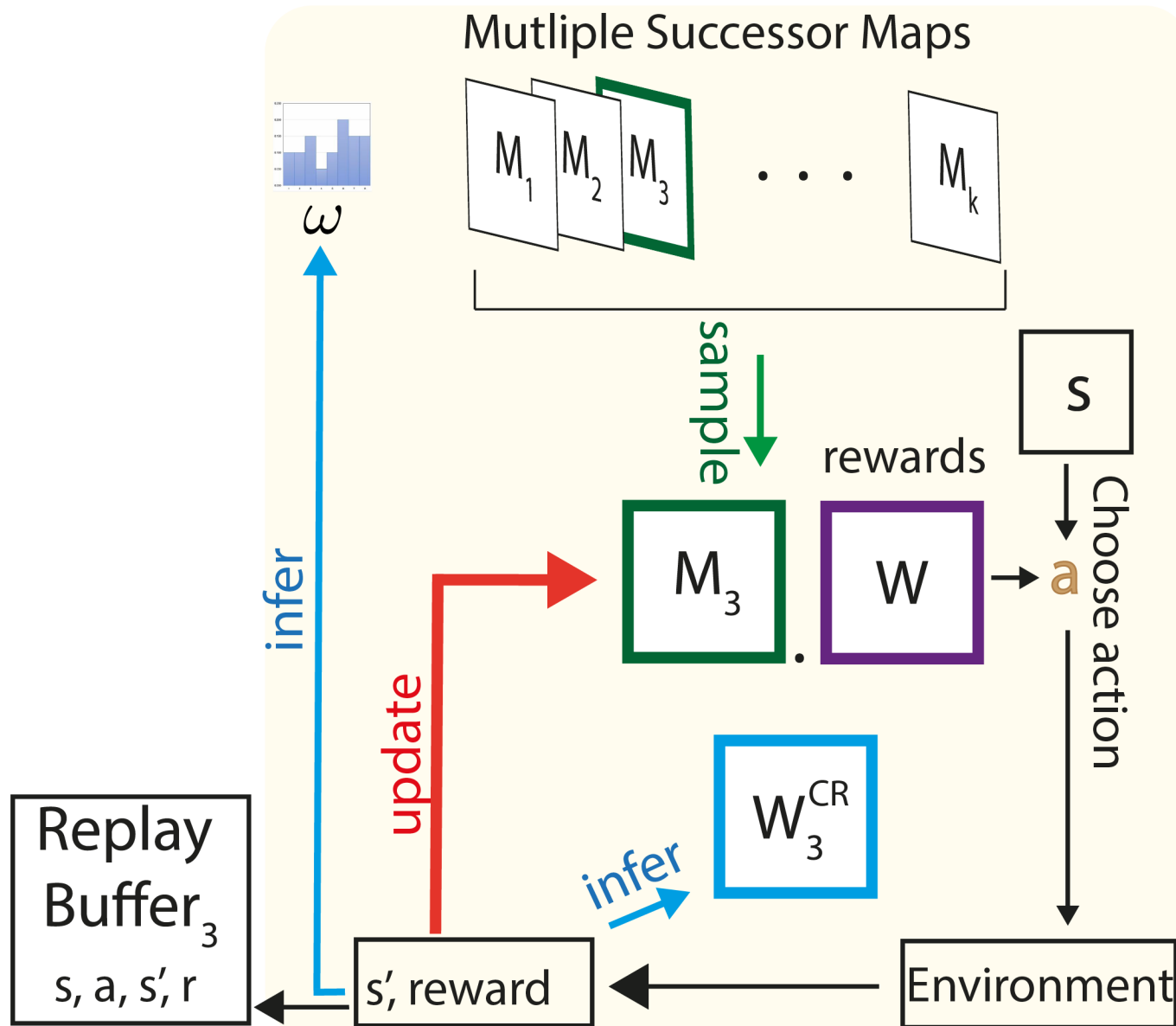
Bayesian Successor Representation (BSR)



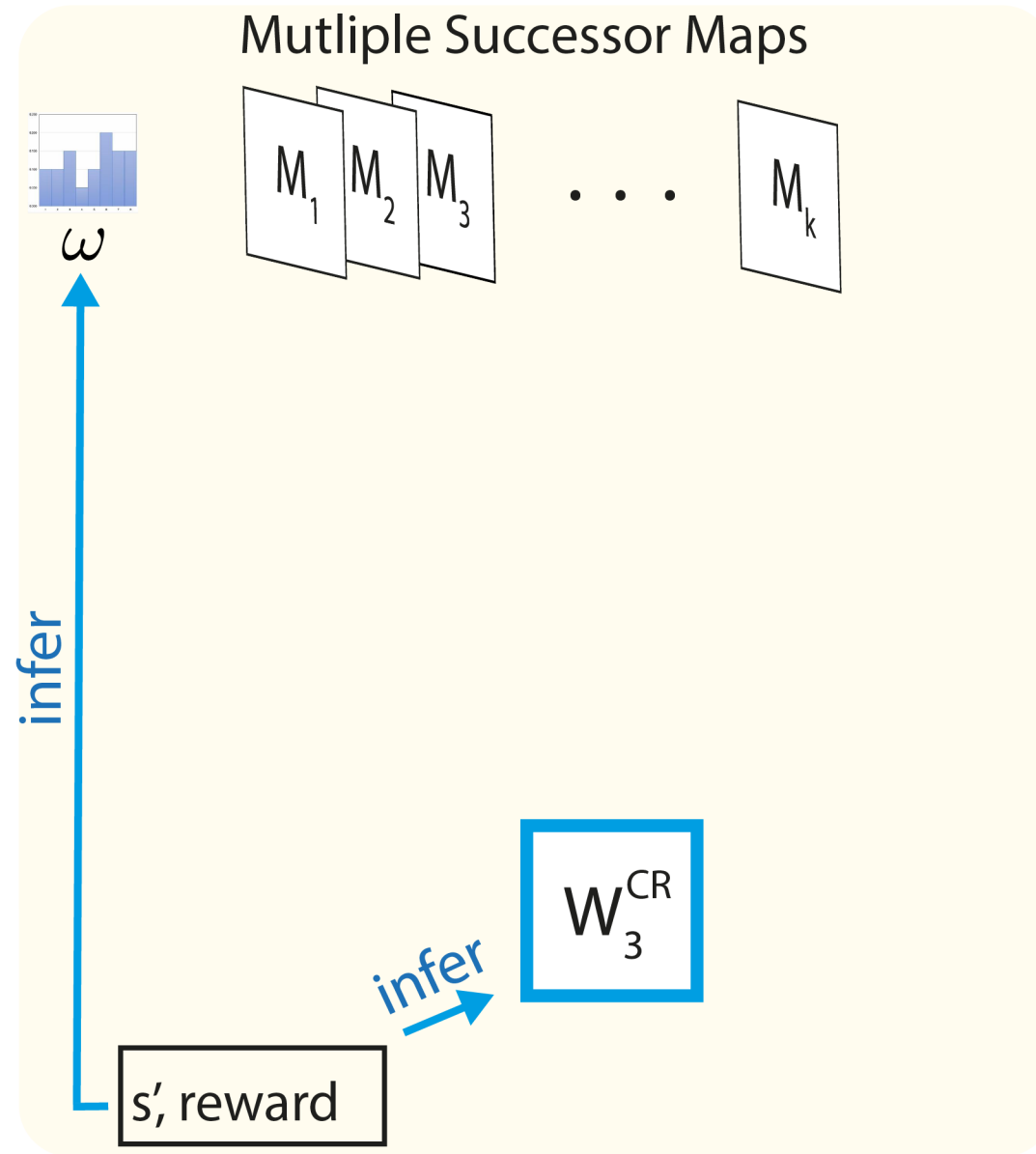
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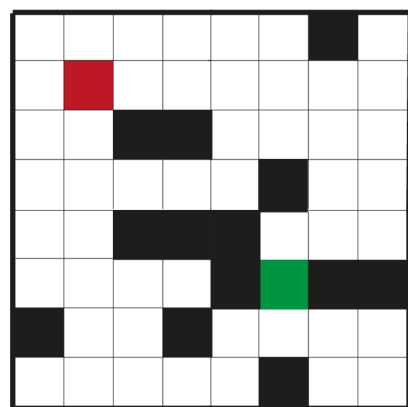


Bayesian Successor Representation (BSR)



Results

Dynamic maze navigation

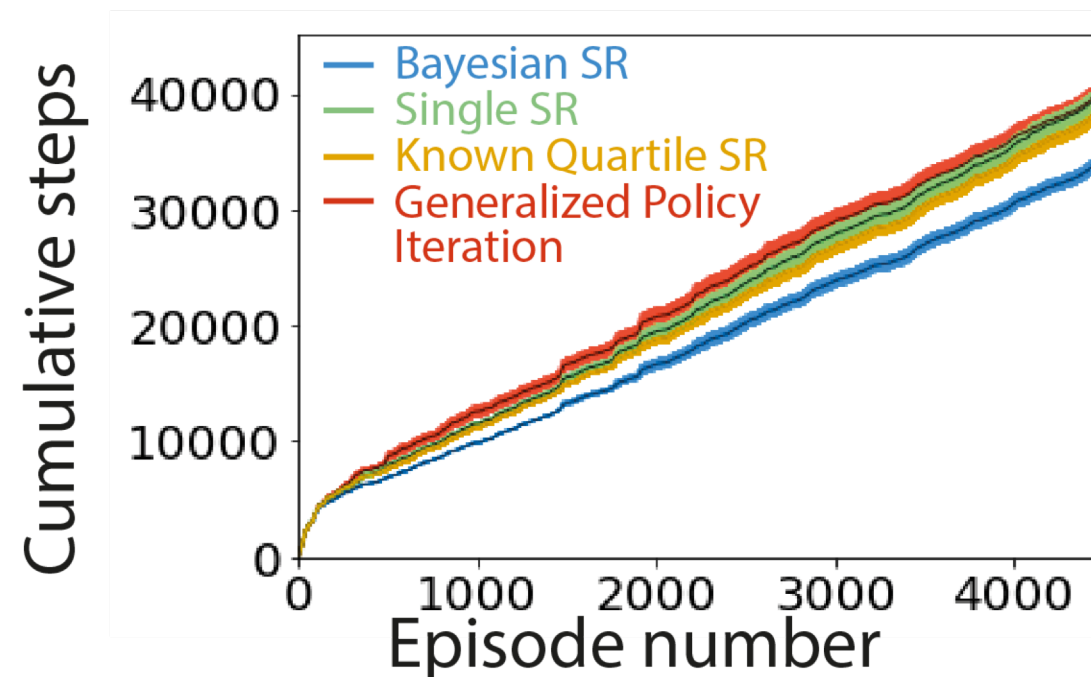
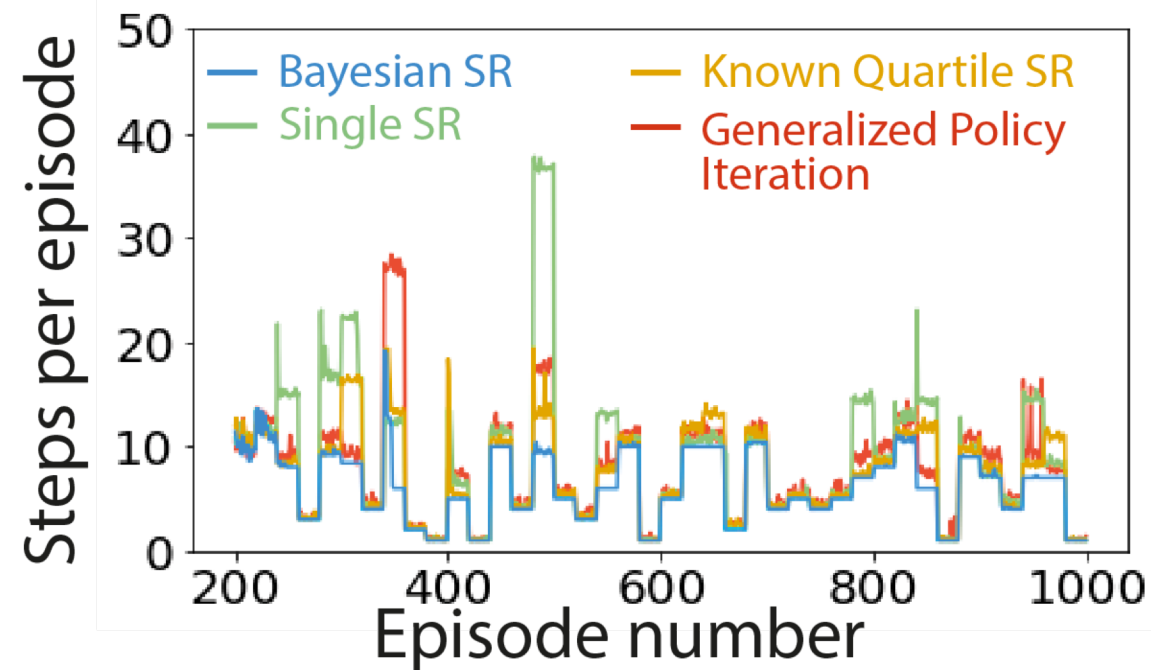


Changing start and goal states

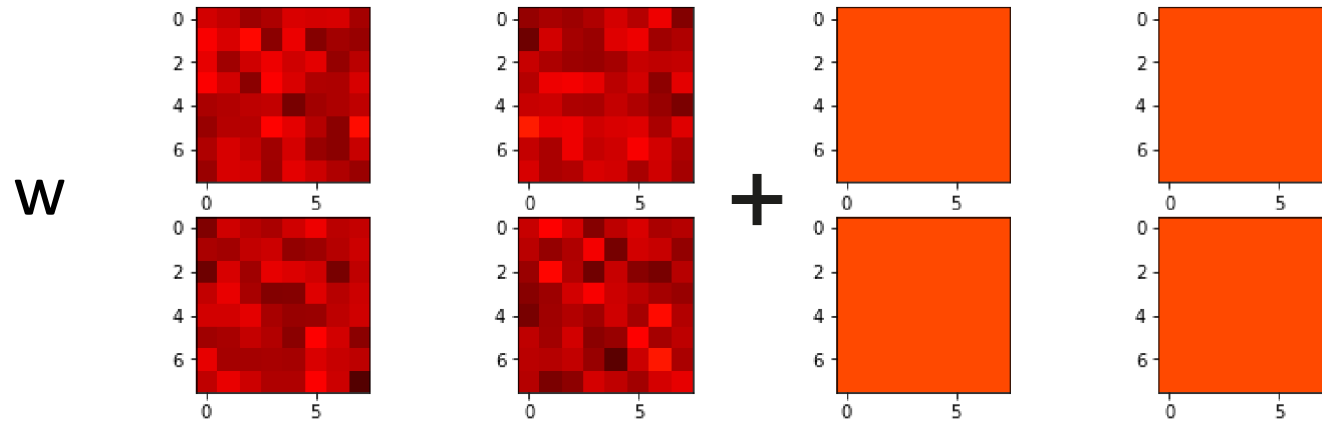
Wall

Start state

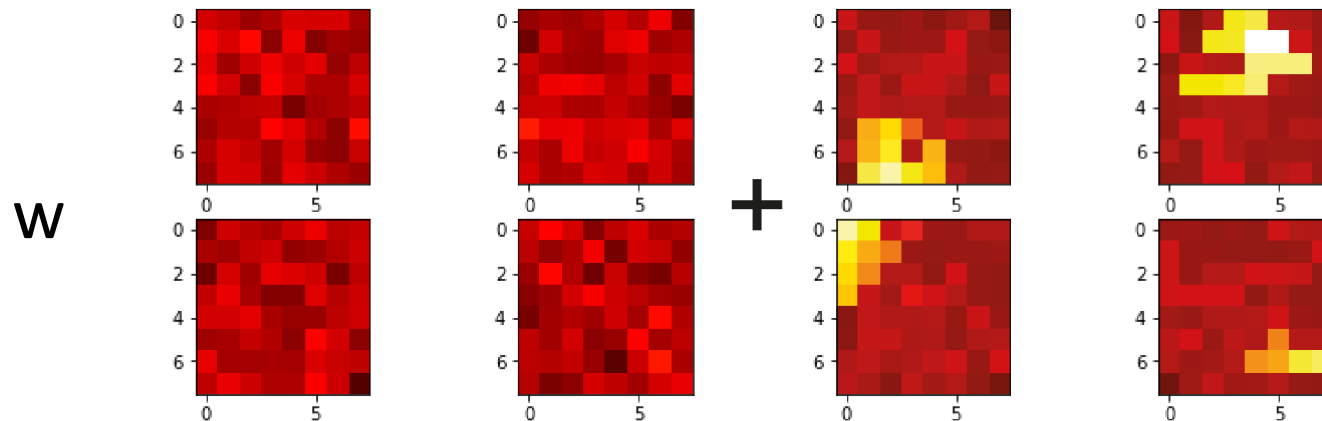
Goal state



Multi-task exploration bonus by offsetting the reward belief vector $\mathbf{w}$

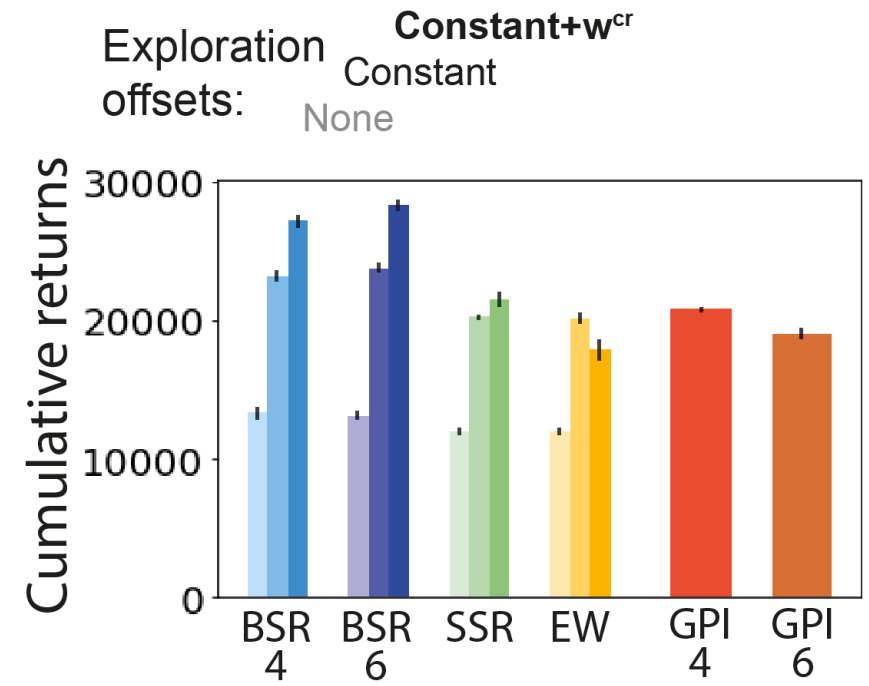
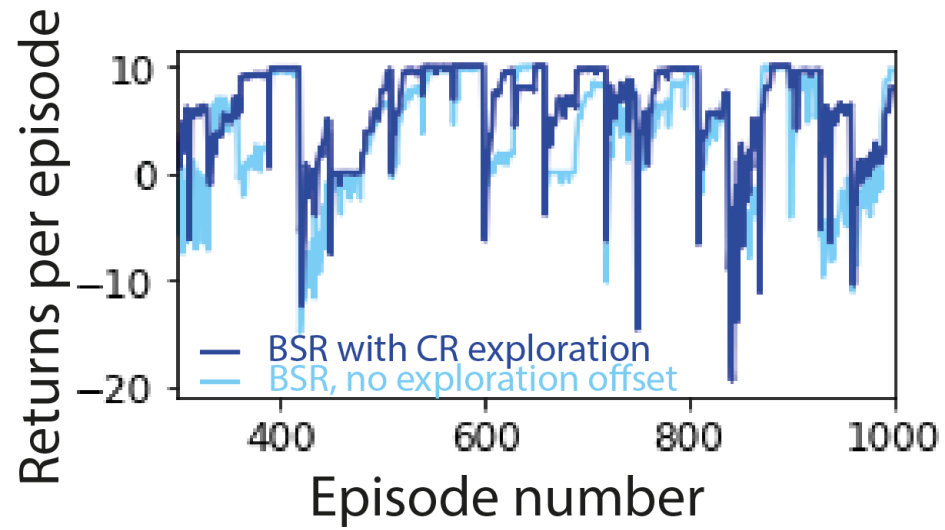


UCB inspired
constant offset

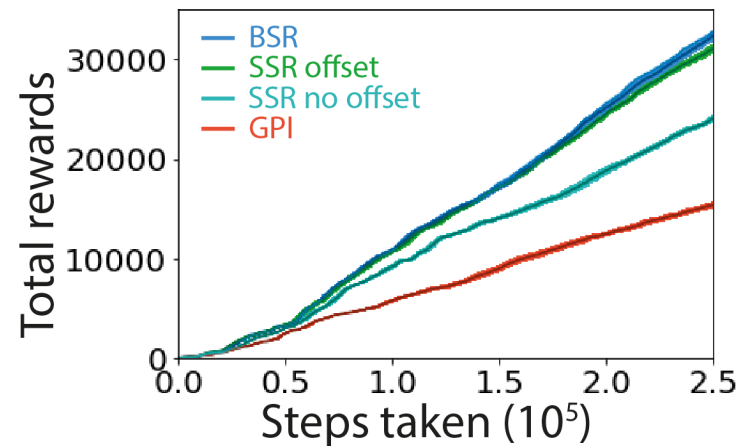
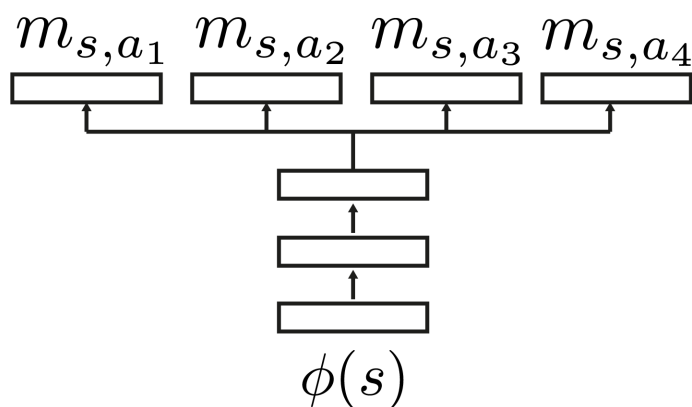
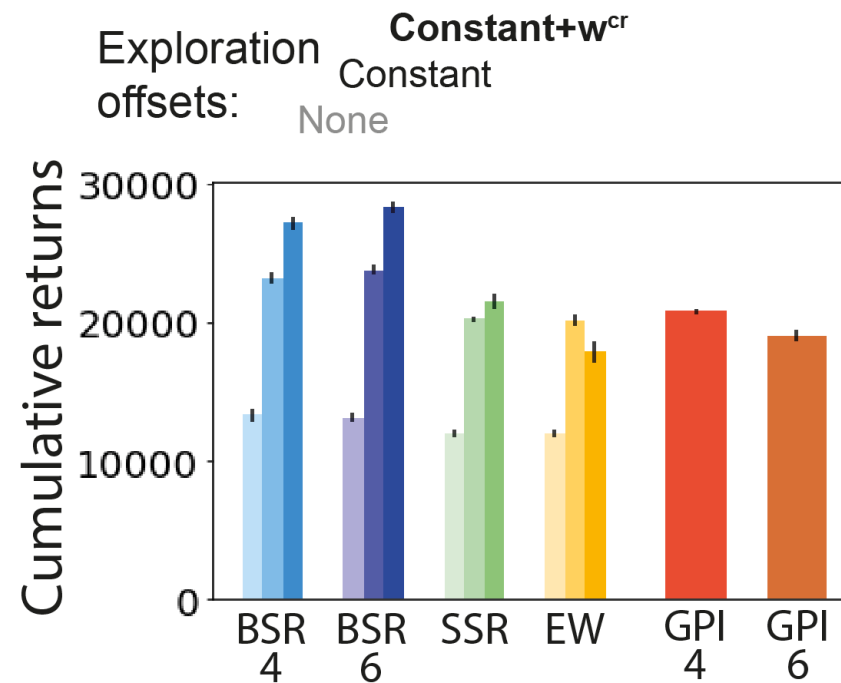
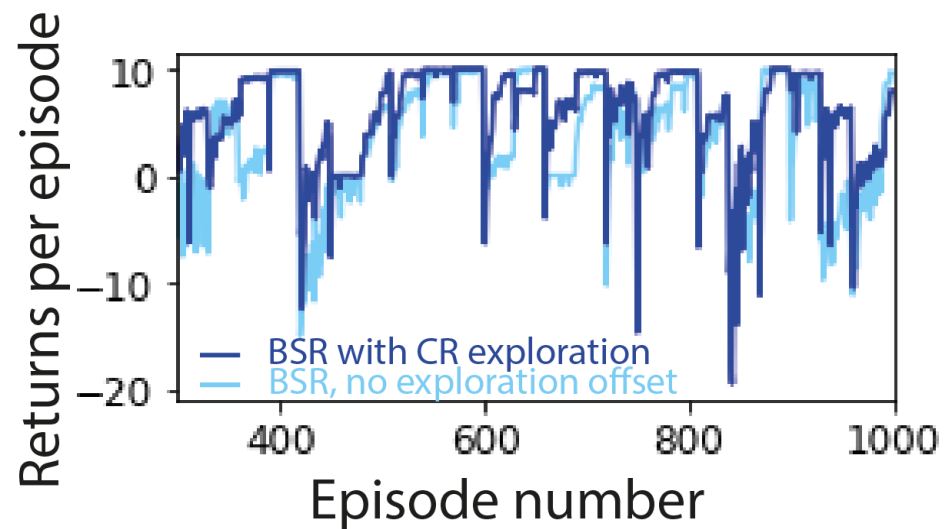


Offset using CR
maps, acting as
priors for rewards

Results

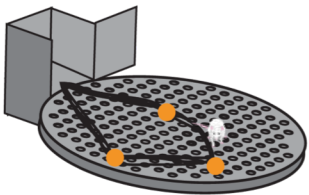


Results

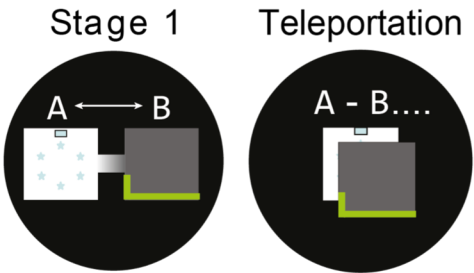


Results

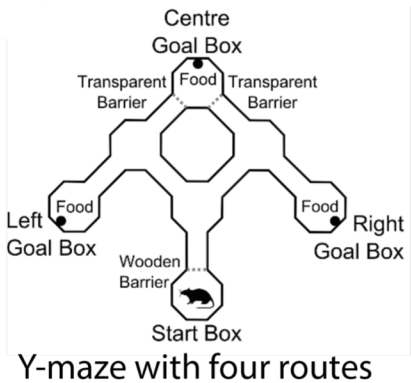
Finding changing set of rewards



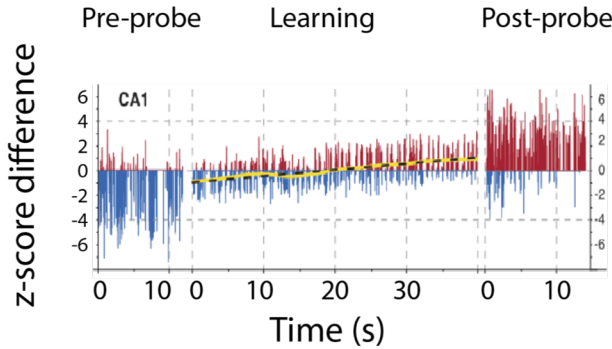
Teleportation



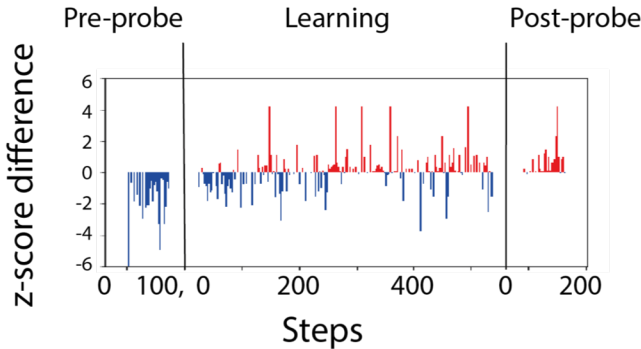
Navigation with changing goals and barriers



Data



BSR



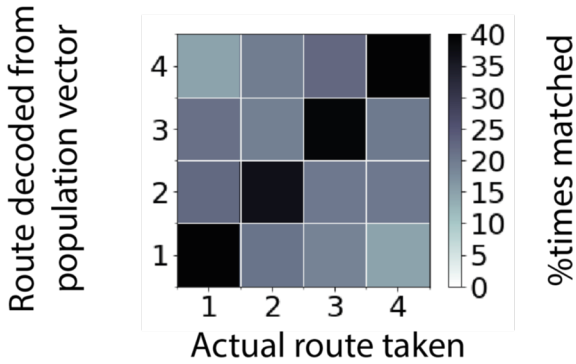
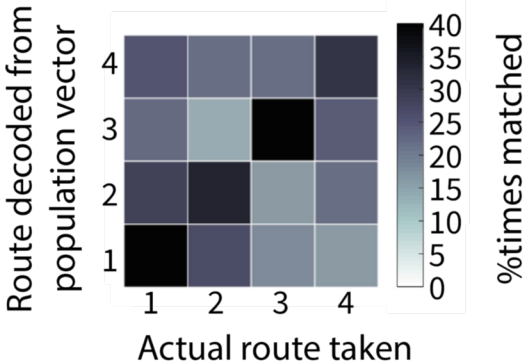
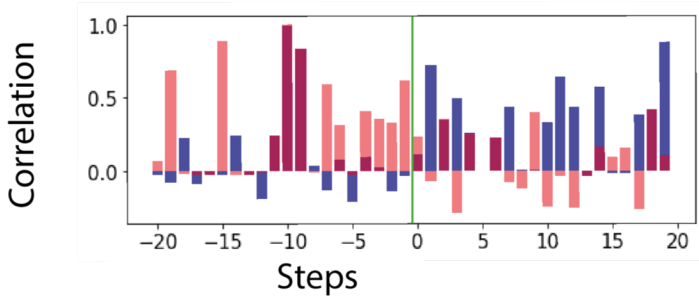
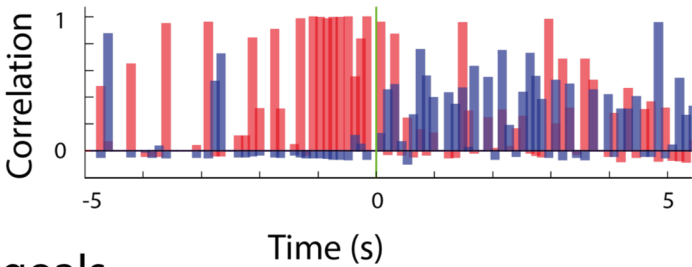
Hippocampus

Blum and Abbot 1996
Levy et al. 2005
Stachenfeld et al. 2017

Boccara et al. 2019
Science

Jezek et al. 2019
Nature

Grieves et al. 2016
Elife



Thank you!

arXiv:1906.07663

Transfer and Multi-task learning

Poster #52

10:45 AM - 12:45 PM